Borehole Image Analysis for Structural Geology Training Course

OGI-1423 · 5 days · 15 CPD hours · English

Overview

Borehole Image Analysis for Structural Geology is a specialised technical training course designed to develop advanced capabilities in interpreting borehole image logs for structural geological evaluation, subsurface characterisation and exploration decision-making. Delivered by Institute For Oil & Gas Training, this programme equips oil and gas professionals with the practical expertise required to perform Borehole Image Analysis for Structural Geology and translate high-resolution downhole images into reliable geological interpretations.

Borehole imaging provides valuable information about geological structures that conventional wireline logs and standard subsurface evaluation techniques do not fully resolve. High-resolution borehole images reveal bedding features, fractures, faults, folds, sedimentary structures and other geological discontinuities along the wellbore. Accurate interpretation of these features strengthens structural understanding, supports reservoir characterisation and improves the quality of geological models used throughout exploration and field development.

Oil and gas organisations operate in increasingly complex geological environments where structural uncertainty directly influences drilling strategies, reservoir connectivity assessments, well placement and production planning. Understanding the orientation and distribution of geological structures is essential for evaluating hydrocarbon-bearing formations, identifying potential structural traps and assessing geological risks. Inaccurate structural interpretation creates uncertainty in subsurface models and affects decisions concerning exploration targets, drilling trajectories and reservoir management.

This training course addresses the technical skills gap between acquiring borehole image data and extracting meaningful structural geological information. It develops a systematic understanding of image log acquisition principles, data quality assessment, image processing, structural feature recognition and geological interpretation. Participants examine how different borehole imaging technologies capture formation characteristics and how their outputs support structural geological applications across exploration, appraisal and development operations.

A central component of the programme focuses on bedding orientation analysis, enabling participants to recognise bedding boundaries, determine apparent and true dip, and evaluate stratigraphic relationships from borehole image measurements. The course also develops practical capabilities in fault plane identification, fracture interpretation and structural dip measurement. These competencies support the identification of geological discontinuities and improve understanding of the structural controls affecting reservoir architecture and fluid movement.

Participants explore the relationship between borehole image interpretation and broader subsurface structural mapping workflows. They examine how image-derived structural measurements contribute to geological cross-sections, structural contour maps, fault frameworks and three-dimensional subsurface models. Particular attention is given to integrating image log interpretations with conventional wireline logs, core descriptions, seismic interpretation and other geological datasets.

The programme also addresses interpretation challenges associated with borehole conditions, image artefacts, incomplete coverage and complex structural deformation. Participants develop an understanding of uncertainty, data limitations and interpretation consistency to ensure that structural conclusions are supported by appropriate geological evidence.

Institute For Oil & Gas Training delivers this programme for professionals involved in geological interpretation, petrophysics, well logging, exploration, reservoir characterisation and subsurface evaluation. The training connects technical interpretation methods with operational requirements, helping organisations improve the reliability of geological assessments and strengthen communication between multidisciplinary subsurface teams.

With a total course duration of 15 to 20 hours, the programme combines technical principles, applied interpretation exercises and industry-relevant case studies. Participants develop the ability to assess borehole images systematically, recognise structural features and communicate their geological significance in support of informed oil and gas exploration and development decisions.

Objectives

- Explain the principles, applications and limitations of borehole imaging technologies in structural geological evaluation.
- Understand the relationship between borehole image acquisition, image orientation and geological interpretation.
- Evaluate borehole image quality and recognise common acquisition, processing and interpretation artefacts.
- Identify bedding boundaries and perform systematic bedding orientation analysis.
- Determine structural dip measurements and distinguish between apparent dip and true dip.
- Recognise geological discontinuities, including fractures, faults, joints and deformation-related features.
- Apply appropriate interpretation techniques for fault plane identification and structural feature characterisation.
- Evaluate the orientation, distribution and geological significance of fractures and fault systems.
- Interpret structural relationships in folded, faulted and dipping geological formations.
- Distinguish sedimentary structures from tectonic deformation features using borehole image evidence.
- Integrate borehole image interpretations with conventional wireline logs, core descriptions and seismic information.
- Apply structural geological applications to reservoir characterisation and exploration evaluation.

- Prepare consistent structural measurements and interpretation records.
- Recognise uncertainty and assess the reliability of image-derived geological interpretations.
- Contribute borehole image data to subsurface structural mapping and three-dimensional geological modelling.
- Communicate structural interpretation findings effectively within multidisciplinary subsurface teams.

Training methodology

Institute For Oil & Gas Training uses an industry-oriented delivery methodology that combines technical presentations, practical interpretation exercises, geological case studies, group discussions and scenario-based activities. The approach connects borehole imaging principles with the actual interpretation responsibilities of professionals working in exploration, drilling, petrophysics and reservoir management.

The training begins by establishing a clear understanding of borehole imaging technologies, image acquisition principles and the characteristics of different image log datasets. Participants examine the relationship between borehole geometry, formation properties, tool orientation and image presentation. This technical foundation supports more accurate recognition of geological features and helps participants distinguish formation-related structures from acquisition and processing artefacts.

Practical image interpretation exercises form an important part of the programme. Participants work with representative borehole image examples to identify bedding boundaries, evaluate structural dips, recognise fractures and interpret fault-related features. These activities develop a consistent approach to identifying geological discontinuities and recording structural measurements.

Case studies demonstrate how borehole image information contributes to structural geological interpretation in different subsurface environments. Participants examine examples involving dipping sedimentary formations, fractured reservoirs, faulted intervals and structurally complex geological settings. They assess how individual image features relate to broader geological conditions and how interpretation results influence subsurface models.

Group exercises encourage participants to compare interpretations, discuss geological evidence and evaluate alternative structural explanations. These activities reflect the collaborative nature of subsurface interpretation, where geologists, petrophysicists, drilling specialists and reservoir engineers contribute different perspectives to technical decisions.

The methodology also incorporates scenario-based interpretation challenges. Participants consider situations involving incomplete image coverage, poor borehole conditions, ambiguous structural features and conflicting measurements. They evaluate data limitations, distinguish observations from interpretations and identify additional information required to strengthen geological conclusions.

Integrated interpretation exercises demonstrate how borehole image measurements complement conventional well logs, core information and seismic interpretation. Participants examine how structural dip measurements, fracture orientations and fault plane identification contribute to subsurface structural mapping and reservoir characterisation.

Throughout the programme, the emphasis remains on practical application, technical consistency and operational relevance. Institute For Oil & Gas Training ensures that discussions and exercises relate directly to the responsibilities of professionals working within the oil and gas industry.

Organisational impact

Investment in Borehole Image Analysis for Structural Geology training strengthens an organisation's ability to convert downhole image data into dependable subsurface intelligence. For exploration and production companies, this capability supports better geological understanding, more consistent technical evaluations and improved coordination between subsurface disciplines.

Improved Structural Interpretation Quality

Organisations benefit from more systematic interpretation of bedding, faults, fractures and other geological discontinuities. Consistent structural dip measurement and feature identification reduce interpretation inconsistencies and improve the quality of geological information used in exploration and development decisions.

More Reliable Subsurface Structural Mapping

Borehole image measurements provide important structural constraints for geological models. Improved interpretation supports the development of representative structural frameworks, geological cross-sections and fault models. These outputs strengthen the integration of well data with seismic interpretation and improve the understanding of reservoir architecture.

Better Exploration and Appraisal Decisions

Accurate structural geological evaluation supports the identification of fault systems, dipping formations and potential structural traps. Organisations gain stronger geological evidence for evaluating exploration targets, assessing appraisal results and refining subsurface interpretations.

Improved Reservoir Characterisation

Structural features influence reservoir geometry, connectivity and fluid movement. Better recognition of fractures, faults and bedding relationships helps multidisciplinary teams evaluate structural controls on reservoir performance and develop more informed reservoir characterisation models.

Reduced Interpretation Uncertainty

Training in image quality assessment, artefact recognition and interpretation limitations helps professionals distinguish reliable geological observations from uncertain features. This improves the technical defensibility of interpretation reports and supports more transparent decision-making.

More Effective Drilling Planning

Structural information contributes to understanding formation orientation, fracture distribution and geological complexity along well trajectories. Better interpretation supports communication between geology and drilling teams, particularly when evaluating structurally complex intervals and planning future wells.

Improved Data Integration

Organisations strengthen the integration of borehole image data with core analysis, conventional wireline logs, geological models and seismic datasets. This creates a more consistent subsurface interpretation workflow and reduces the risk of isolated technical assessments.

Greater Technical Consistency Across Teams

A shared understanding of image interpretation principles improves communication between geologists, petrophysicists, well log analysts and reservoir engineers. Consistent interpretation practices also support more reliable documentation and comparison of geological measurements across wells and projects.

More Effective Use of Technical Resources

Developing internal interpretation capabilities improves the organisation's ability to evaluate available borehole image datasets and identify additional analysis requirements. This supports more focused technical reviews, better use of specialist resources and more efficient subsurface workflows.

Personal impact

Participants gain specialised technical capabilities that strengthen their professional contribution to exploration, petrophysics, geological interpretation and reservoir evaluation.

Advanced Borehole Image Interpretation Skills

Participants develop a structured approach to examining high-resolution borehole images and recognising geological features. They strengthen their ability to interpret image characteristics and extract useful structural information from downhole datasets.

Improved Bedding Orientation Analysis

The programme strengthens participants' ability to recognise bedding boundaries, assess their orientation and understand their relationship with surrounding geological structures. They develop practical knowledge of structural dip measurement and the geological interpretation of dipping formations.

Greater Expertise in Fault and Fracture Recognition

Participants improve their ability to recognise fault planes, fractures, joints and other geological discontinuities. They learn to evaluate feature orientations and interpret their geological significance within different structural environments.

Stronger Subsurface Mapping Capabilities

Participants understand how image-derived measurements contribute to geological cross-sections, structural frameworks and subsurface models. This strengthens their ability to support multidisciplinary geological interpretation activities.

Better Technical Judgement

Understanding image quality, processing limitations and interpretation uncertainty improves professional judgement. Participants learn to distinguish direct image observations from geological interpretations and communicate the confidence associated with their conclusions.

Improved Multidisciplinary Collaboration

The course develops a shared technical understanding of borehole image information and its applications across geology, petrophysics, drilling and reservoir engineering. Participants become better equipped to discuss structural findings with colleagues from different technical disciplines.

Enhanced Professional Competence

The knowledge and practical skills gained support professional responsibilities in well log interpretation, structural geology, formation evaluation and reservoir characterisation. Participants strengthen their ability to contribute to complex subsurface projects and technical evaluation assignments.

Career Development

Specialised knowledge of borehole image interpretation adds value to professional experience in the upstream oil and gas industry. Participants develop relevant capabilities for technical roles involving structural interpretation, subsurface evaluation, exploration support and integrated geological modelling.

Who should attend

- Structural Geologists: Develop advanced capabilities in interpreting bedding, faults, fractures and geological discontinuities from borehole images.
- Exploration Geologists: Strengthen structural evaluation skills for exploration targets, fault systems and subsurface geological frameworks.
- Petrophysicists: Improve their understanding of image-derived geological measurements and their integration with conventional formation evaluation data.
- Well Log Analysts: Develop practical knowledge of borehole image interpretation, structural feature recognition and image quality assessment.
- Sedimentologists: Improve their ability to interpret bedding relationships, sedimentary structures and formation characteristics using borehole images.
- Reservoir Geologists: Understand how structural features influence reservoir geometry, connectivity and geological modelling.

- Geoscientists: Strengthen their technical understanding of structural geological applications in integrated subsurface evaluation.
- Formation Evaluation Specialists: Improve the integration of borehole image information with other well logging and geological datasets.
- Geological Modellers: Develop a better understanding of image-derived structural measurements for geological framework construction.
- Drilling Engineers: Understand how geological structures and image interpretation contribute to well planning and drilling decisions.
- Well Logging Engineers and Specialists: Improve their knowledge of image acquisition principles, image quality and the geological information obtained from borehole imaging.
- Subsurface Team Leaders and Supervisors: Strengthen their ability to review structural interpretation outputs and coordinate multidisciplinary technical evaluations.
- Exploration and Development Managers: Gain a practical understanding of borehole image applications and their contribution to exploration and field development decisions.
- Technical Consultants and Petroleum Geoscientists: Expand their specialist knowledge of image-based structural interpretation and subsurface mapping.

Course outline

Fundamentals of Borehole Imaging and Structural Geological Interpretation

This module introduces the technical principles of borehole imaging and its importance in structural geological evaluation. Participants examine how borehole imaging technologies capture formation characteristics and convert downhole measurements into visual representations of geological features.

The module establishes the relationship between image acquisition, borehole orientation, image processing and geological interpretation. It also examines image presentation formats, data quality considerations and the limitations that affect the reliability of structural measurements.

Bedding Orientation Analysis and Structural Dip Measurement

This module focuses on identifying bedding features and interpreting their orientation from borehole image data. Participants examine the appearance of bedding boundaries on image logs and develop an understanding of how geological layers intersect the wellbore.

The module explores structural dip measurement, including the relationship between apparent dip, true dip and formation orientation. Participants examine how bedding measurements contribute to stratigraphic interpretation, structural geological analysis and the evaluation of dipping formations.

Fault Plane Identification and Geological Discontinuity Analysis

This module examines the recognition and interpretation of faults, fractures, joints and other geological discontinuities using borehole image data. Participants explore how structural features appear on borehole images and how their orientation, geometry and distribution contribute to geological understanding.

Particular attention is given to fault plane identification, fracture orientation analysis and the distinction between different types of structural features. The module also examines the interpretation challenges associated with intersecting discontinuities, complex deformation and image artefacts.

Structural Interpretation in Complex Geological Environments

This module develops the application of borehole image analysis to structurally complex geological environments. Participants examine how bedding, faulting, fracturing and folding interact and how these relationships are interpreted using downhole image information.

The module considers the integration of individual structural observations into a coherent geological interpretation. Participants examine deformation patterns, changes in structural orientation and the interpretation of geological features across different well intervals. Emphasis is placed on evaluating structural relationships and identifying the geological controls that influence subsurface architecture.

Integrated Subsurface Structural Mapping and Interpretation Applications

This module brings together the technical skills developed throughout the programme and focuses on applying borehole image interpretations to integrated subsurface evaluation. Participants examine how bedding orientations, fault planes, fracture measurements and other structural observations contribute to geological frameworks and structural models.

The module explores the integration of borehole image information with seismic interpretation, conventional wireline logs, core descriptions and geological models. Participants also examine interpretation reporting, data quality considerations and the communication of structural findings to multidisciplinary teams.

Scheduled dates

Dates	Venue	Format	Fee
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Abuja, Nigeria	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Accra, Ghana	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Addis Ababa, Ethiopia	In person	£4,100

Dates	Venue	Format	Fee
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Al Ain, United Arab Emirates	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Al Khobar, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Alberta, Canada	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	AlUla, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Amman, Jordan	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Amsterdam, Netherlands	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Athens, Greece	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Baku, Azerbaijan	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Barcelona, Spain	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Berlin, Germany	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Boston, United States	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Brussels, Belgium	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Budapest, Hungary	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Cairo, Egypt	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Cape Town, South Africa	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Casablanca, Morocco	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Dammam, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Dhahran, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Doha, Qatar	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Dubai, United Arab Emirates	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Edinburgh, United Kingdom	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Edmonton, Canada	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Frankfurt, Germany	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Geneva, Switzerland	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Houston, United States	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Istanbul, Turkey	In person	£4,100

Dates	Venue	Format	Fee
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Jakarta, Indonesia	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Jeddah, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Jubail, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Khamis Mushait, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Kigali, Rwanda	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Lisbon, Portugal	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Liverpool, United Kingdom	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	London, United Kingdom	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Los Angeles, United States	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Luanda, Angola	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Madrid, Spain	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Manama, Bahrain	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Marbella, Spain	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Marrakech, Morocco	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Miami, United States	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Milan, Italy	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Munich, Germany	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Muscat, Oman	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Nairobi, Kenya	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	New York, United States	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Nice, France	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Nouakchott, Mauritania	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Oslo, Norway	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Paris, France	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Port Louis, Mauritius	In person	£4,100

Dates	Venue	Format	Fee
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Prague, Czech Republic	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Pretoria, South Africa	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Riyadh, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Rome, Italy	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Sharm El Sheikh, Egypt	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Singapore	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Stockholm, Sweden	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Tokyo, Japan	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Toronto, Canada	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Tromso, Norway	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Vienna, Austria	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Zagreb, Croatia	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Zurich, Switzerland	In person	£4,100
16 - 20 Nov 2026	Online, Virtual	Online	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Abuja, Nigeria	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Accra, Ghana	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Addis Ababa, Ethiopia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Al Ain, United Arab Emirates	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Al Khobar, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Alberta, Canada	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	AlUla, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Amman, Jordan	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Amsterdam, Netherlands	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Athens, Greece	In person	£4,100

Dates	Venue	Format	Fee
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Baku, Azerbaijan	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Barcelona, Spain	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Berlin, Germany	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Boston, United States	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Brussels, Belgium	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Budapest, Hungary	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Cairo, Egypt	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Cape Town, South Africa	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Casablanca, Morocco	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Dammam, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Dhahran, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Doha, Qatar	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Dubai, United Arab Emirates	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Edinburgh, United Kingdom	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Edmonton, Canada	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Frankfurt, Germany	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Geneva, Switzerland	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Houston, United States	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Istanbul, Turkey	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Jakarta, Indonesia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Jeddah, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Jubail, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Khamis Mushait, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Kigali, Rwanda	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Lisbon, Portugal	In person	£4,100

Dates	Venue	Format	Fee
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Liverpool, United Kingdom	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	London, United Kingdom	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Los Angeles, United States	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Luanda, Angola	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Madrid, Spain	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Manama, Bahrain	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Marbella, Spain	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Marrakech, Morocco	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Miami, United States	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Milan, Italy	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Munich, Germany	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Muscat, Oman	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Nairobi, Kenya	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	New York, United States	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Nice, France	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Nouakchott, Mauritania	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Oslo, Norway	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Paris, France	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Port Louis, Mauritius	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Prague, Czech Republic	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Pretoria, South Africa	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Riyadh, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Rome, Italy	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Sharm El Sheikh, Egypt	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Singapore	In person	£4,100

Dates	Venue	Format	Fee
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Stockholm, Sweden	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Tokyo, Japan	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Toronto, Canada	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Tromso, Norway	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Vienna, Austria	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Zagreb, Croatia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Zurich, Switzerland	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Mar 2027	Online, Virtual	Online	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Abuja, Nigeria	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Accra, Ghana	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Addis Ababa, Ethiopia	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Al Ain, United Arab Emirates	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Al Khobar, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Alberta, Canada	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	AlUla, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Amman, Jordan	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Amsterdam, Netherlands	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Athens, Greece	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Baku, Azerbaijan	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Barcelona, Spain	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Berlin, Germany	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Boston, United States	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Brussels, Belgium	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Budapest, Hungary	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Cairo, Egypt	In person	£4,100

Dates	Venue	Format	Fee
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Cape Town, South Africa	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Casablanca, Morocco	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Dammam, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Dhahran, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Doha, Qatar	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Dubai, United Arab Emirates	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Edinburgh, United Kingdom	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Edmonton, Canada	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Frankfurt, Germany	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Geneva, Switzerland	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Houston, United States	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Istanbul, Turkey	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Jakarta, Indonesia	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Jeddah, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Jubail, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Khamis Mushait, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Kigali, Rwanda	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Lisbon, Portugal	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Liverpool, United Kingdom	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	London, United Kingdom	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Los Angeles, United States	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Luanda, Angola	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Madrid, Spain	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Manama, Bahrain	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Marbella, Spain	In person	£4,100

Dates	Venue	Format	Fee
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Marrakech, Morocco	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Miami, United States	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Milan, Italy	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Munich, Germany	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Muscat, Oman	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Nairobi, Kenya	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	New York, United States	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Nice, France	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Nouakchott, Mauritania	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Oslo, Norway	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Paris, France	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Port Louis, Mauritius	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Prague, Czech Republic	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Pretoria, South Africa	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Riyadh, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Rome, Italy	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Sharm El Sheikh, Egypt	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Singapore	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Stockholm, Sweden	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Tokyo, Japan	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Toronto, Canada	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Tromso, Norway	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Vienna, Austria	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Zagreb, Croatia	In person	£4,100
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Zurich, Switzerland	In person	£4,100

Dates	Venue	Format	Fee
12 - 16 Jul 2027	Online, Virtual	Online	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Abuja, Nigeria	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Accra, Ghana	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Addis Ababa, Ethiopia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Al Ain, United Arab Emirates	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Al Khobar, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Alberta, Canada	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	AlUla, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Amman, Jordan	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Amsterdam, Netherlands	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Athens, Greece	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Baku, Azerbaijan	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Barcelona, Spain	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Berlin, Germany	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Boston, United States	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Brussels, Belgium	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Budapest, Hungary	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Cairo, Egypt	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Cape Town, South Africa	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Casablanca, Morocco	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Dammam, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Dhahran, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Doha, Qatar	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Dubai, United Arab Emirates	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Edinburgh, United Kingdom	In person	£4,100

Dates	Venue	Format	Fee
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Edmonton, Canada	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Frankfurt, Germany	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Geneva, Switzerland	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Houston, United States	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Istanbul, Turkey	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Jakarta, Indonesia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Jeddah, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Jubail, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Khamis Mushait, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Kigali, Rwanda	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Lisbon, Portugal	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Liverpool, United Kingdom	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	London, United Kingdom	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Los Angeles, United States	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Luanda, Angola	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Madrid, Spain	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Manama, Bahrain	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Marbella, Spain	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Marrakech, Morocco	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Miami, United States	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Milan, Italy	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Munich, Germany	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Muscat, Oman	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Nairobi, Kenya	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	New York, United States	In person	£4,100

Dates	Venue	Format	Fee
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Nice, France	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Nouakchott, Mauritania	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Oslo, Norway	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Paris, France	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Port Louis, Mauritius	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Prague, Czech Republic	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Pretoria, South Africa	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Riyadh, Saudi Arabia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Rome, Italy	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Sharm El Sheikh, Egypt	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Singapore	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Stockholm, Sweden	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Tokyo, Japan	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Toronto, Canada	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Tromso, Norway	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Vienna, Austria	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Zagreb, Croatia	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Zurich, Switzerland	In person	£4,100
15 - 19 Nov 2027	Online, Virtual	Online	£4,100

Certificate

Upon successful completion of the training course, attendees receive a Certificate of Completion from Institute For Oil & Gas Training.

The certificate recognises participation in the programme and the professional development activities covered during the training. Attendees are required to maintain full attendance throughout the scheduled course to qualify for the Certificate of Completion.